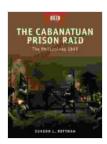
The Cabanatuan Prison Raid: A Daring Rescue Mission During World War II

The Cabanatuan Prison Raid was a daring rescue mission carried out by American and Filipino soldiers during World War II. The raid successfully liberated over 500 American prisoners of war (POWs) from a Japanese prison camp.



The Cabanatuan Prison Raid: The Philippines 1945

by Gordon L. Rottman

★★★★★ 4.3 out of 5
Language : English
File size : 24921 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting: Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 64 pages



The raid was planned by Lieutenant Colonel Henry Mucci, an American officer who had been captured by the Japanese and held in the Cabanatuan prison camp. Mucci escaped from the camp in October 1944 and made his way to the American lines. He then helped to plan the raid, which was led by Colonel Robert Lapham.

The raid took place on January 30, 1945. The American and Filipino raiders attacked the prison camp from three directions. They quickly overwhelmed

the Japanese guards and liberated the American POWs. The raiders then escorted the POWs back to American lines.

The Cabanatuan Prison Raid was a major success. It was one of the largest and most successful POW rescues in history. The raid also boosted the morale of American troops and helped to turn the tide of the war in the Pacific.

Planning the Raid

The planning for the Cabanatuan Prison Raid began in October 1944, after Lieutenant Colonel Henry Mucci escaped from the camp. Mucci made his way to the American lines and met with Colonel Robert Lapham, who was in charge of the 6th Ranger Battalion.

Mucci and Lapham began to plan the raid. They gathered intelligence about the prison camp and the surrounding area. They also recruited a team of Filipino guerrillas to help them with the raid.

The raiders developed a plan to attack the prison camp from three directions. The main attack would be carried out by the 6th Ranger Battalion, which would land on the beach near the camp. The Filipino guerrillas would attack from the north and south, and they would cut off the Japanese escape routes.

The raiders also planned to use amphibious tractors to transport the POWs back to American lines. The tractors would be able to drive through the shallow waters of the nearby river.

The Raid

The Cabanatuan Prison Raid took place on January 30, 1945. The American and Filipino raiders attacked the prison camp from three directions.

The 6th Ranger Battalion landed on the beach near the camp and quickly overwhelmed the Japanese guards. The Filipino guerrillas attacked from the north and south, and they cut off the Japanese escape routes.

The raiders then entered the prison camp and liberated the American POWs. The POWs were overjoyed to be free. They had been held in the camp for over two years, and they had been subjected to harsh treatment by the Japanese guards.

The raiders then escorted the POWs back to American lines. The tractors were able to drive through the shallow waters of the nearby river, and they quickly transported the POWs to safety.

The Aftermath of the Raid

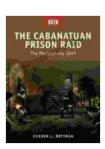
The Cabanatuan Prison Raid was a major success. The raiders liberated over 500 American POWs, and they did not lose a single man. The raid also boosted the morale of American troops and helped to turn the tide of the war in the Pacific.

The Cabanatuan Prison Raid is considered to be one of the greatest rescue missions in history. It is a testament to the courage and determination of the American and Filipino soldiers who carried out the raid.

Legacy

The Cabanatuan Prison Raid is still remembered today as a daring and heroic act of courage. The raid is a reminder of the importance of teamwork and perseverance. It is also a reminder of the sacrifices that were made by American and Filipino soldiers during World War II.

The Cabanatuan Prison Raid is a story that should be told and retold for generations to come. It is a story that inspires hope and courage in the face of adversity.



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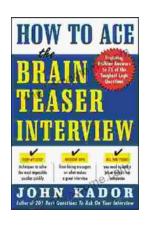
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